

Introduction of Non-Destructive Highway Inspection Methods using High Definition Video and Infrared Imaging Technology

Masato Matsumoto Chief Engineer West Nippon Expressway Company Ltd. Tokyo, Japan *m.matsumoto.ab@w-nexco.co.jp*

Kazuaki HASHIMOTO

Director NEXCO-West Engineering Shikoku Co. Ltd. Takamatsu, Japan kazuaki.hashimoto@w-eshikoku.co.jp Lee AHLSTROM Principal Engineer The Louis Berger Group, Inc, Washington, DC, USA lahlstrom@louisberger.com

SUGIMOTOGroup,PresidentDC, USAFuij Engineering Co. Ltd.erger.comOsaka, Japanburai@fujiengi.co.jp

Dr. Masanobu

Yuji NAGAO Deputy Director West Nippon Expressway Company Ltd., Tokyo, Japan *y.nagao.aa@w-nexco.co.jp*

Summary

The current budget shortfalls being experienced by nearly all highway and bridge owners around the world serve to jeopardize the efficient management and maintenance of highway structures. The resulting consequences of this dilemma include premature structure deterioration, higher rehabilitation and repair costs and, in some instances, a higher probability of premature structural failure. Informed and proper bridge maintenance requires constant monitoring of structural conditions, yet most of the highway bridge inspections performed in Japan involve visual inspections, which are costly in both time and labour. More efficient, objective and safer bridge inspections can be realized only through technological improvements.

NEXCO-West, one of Japan's major toll road operators, has introduced a combination of new high definition video (HDV) and infrared (IR) thermographic technology that together serve to reduce inspection costs and increase inspection result accuracy and reliability. The high definition video camera (HDV) records the surface condition of the concrete structures, while application of IR supported thermographic assessments support analysis of structural integrity through analyzing temperature variations within the structure at different times of the day; operating on the principle that damaged and/or deteriorating concrete demonstrates more temperature variation throughout the day than do sound structural elements.

This paper describes the mechanisms of these inspection methods and introduces some examples of practical on-site application to highway bridge superstructures. The technologies offer a powerful tool for decision-making engineers responsible for developing highway maintenance strategies and contribute to efficient and smart infrastructure management.

Keywords: Highway Bridge Inspections; High Definition Video; Infrared Imagery Technology; Concrete Crack Detection; Image Processing

1. Introduction

Today, proper maintenance and management of deteriorating infrastructure under severe budget constraints have become serious issues for bridge owners. Traditionally, highway bridge conditions have been monitored by visual inspection with structural deficiencies being manually identified and classified by qualified engineers and inspectors. However, the quality of inspection results obtained