



Research on Effective Temperature of T-Shaped Girder for Jointless Bridges in China

Jianhui Lin	Bruno Briseghella	Junqing Xue
PhD Candidate	Professor	Assistant Researcher
College of Civil Engineering, Fuzhou University	College of Civil Engineering, Fuzhou University	College of Civil Engineering, Fuzhou University
Fuzhou, Fujian, China jianhui.lin@foxmail.com	Fuzhou, Fujian, China <u>bruno@fzu.edu.cn</u>	Fuzhou, China junqing.xue@fzu.edu.cn
His research activities focus on Jointless bridges.	Bruno is distinguished professor and dean of the CCE. His research activities focus on Bridge and structural design, Earthquake engineering.	His research activities focus on Jointless bridges, Retrofit of existing bridges and Composite structures.
Habib Tabatabai	Baochun Chen	Fuyun Huang
Associate Professor	Professor	Professor
Department of Civil and Environmental Engineering,	College of Civil Engineering, Fuzhou University	College of Civil Engineering, Fuzhou University
University of Wisconsin-Milwaukee		
•	Fuzhou, China	Fuzhou, China
Milwaukee, USA ht@uwm.edu	Fuzhou, China baochunchen@fzu.edu.cn	Fuzhou, China <u>huanqfuyun@fzu.edu.cn</u>

Contact: junqing.xue@fzu.edu.cn

1 Abstract

Jointless bridge has been proved to be a cost-effective alternative to bridges with conventional joints. The longitudinal thermal movement of the superstructure is usually considered as the key parameter for designing jointless bridges. The average temperature of cross-sections can be considered as the effective temperature of the superstructure. In order to accurately estimate the longitudinal thermal movement of the superstructure, the average temperature of cross-sections should be obtained. The temperature distribution on cross-sections of T-shaped girders in one jointless bridge was monitored. A finite element model was implemented using the MIDAS-FEA software, which is verified based on the monitoring results. Considering the historical extreme temperature conditions and the results of the parametric study, the peak values of the average temperature of T-shaped girder cross-sections for jointless bridges in different climate regions in China are recommended. Finally, the simplified formulae to predict the effective temperatures of T-shaped girder cross-sections for jointless bridges are proposed based on the correlation analysis.

Keywords: Jointless Bridge; T-shaped girder; effective temperature; temperature distribution; finite element model; average temperature; extreme temperature conditions; correlation analysis.